

ReDiscover-2, a phase III study of zovégalisib (RLY-2608) + fulvestrant versus capivasertib + fulvestrant as treatment for locally advanced or metastatic *PIK3CA*-mutant HR+/HER2- breast cancer following recurrence or progression on or after treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor (trial in progress)

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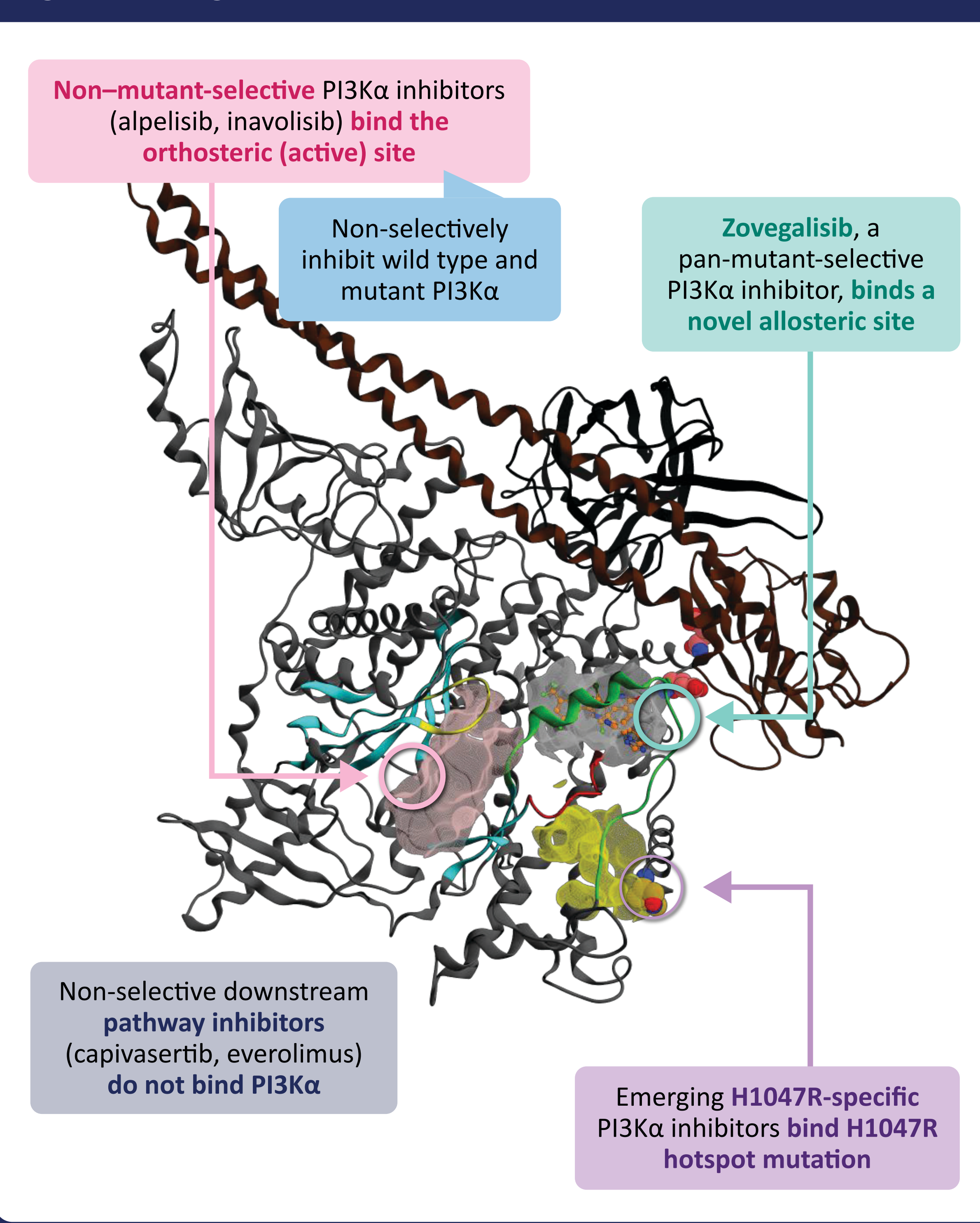
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BACKGROUND

- Oncogenic *PIK3CA* mutations constitutively activate PI3K α and drive approximately 40% of HR+/HER2- BC^{1,3}
- Approved therapies for patients with *PIK3CA*-mutated HR+/HER2- ABC are non-mutant-selective PI3K pathway inhibitors, which have shown modest efficacy in combination with ET post-CDK4/6 inhibitor treatment (mPFS of ~5.5-8 months) and are limited by toxicities associated with broad inhibition of the PI3K pathway (hyperglycemia, rash, diarrhea, and stomatitis)⁴⁻¹⁰
- Zovégalisib (RLY-2608) is the first pan-mutant-selective inhibitor designed to overcome these limitations by selectively targeting mutated forms of PI3K α while sparing wild type
- Zovégalisib binds a novel allosteric pocket of PI3K α , distinct from approved inhibitors that bind the active orthosteric site, and emerging inhibitors that specifically target only the H1047R hotspot mutation (Figure 1)¹¹

Figure 1: Zovégalisib Is the First Pan-Mutant-Selective PI3K α Inhibitor



RATIONALE AND STUDY DESIGN

- The first-in-human ReDiscover study of zovégalisib demonstrated encouraging antitumor activity across a range of *PIK3CA* genotypes and a favorable safety profile when given in combination with fulvestrant in patients with *PIK3CA*-mutated HR+/HER2- ABC previously treated with a CDK4/6i¹²
 - 64 patients were dosed at the RP2D of 600 mg zovégalisib BID + fulvestrant
 - mPFS was 10.3 months (95% CI: 7.2-18.4) in the efficacy-evaluable population, excluding *PTEN*/*AKT* co-alterations (N=52)
 - In patients with measurable disease (N=31), ORR was 38.7% (95% CI: 21.8-57.8) and tumor reduction was observed in 80.6% of patients (Figure 2)
 - In the overall safety population (N=64), zovégalisib had a favorable safety profile consistent with wild-type sparing, mutant-selective PI3K α inhibition and AEs were mostly low grade, reversible events (Figure 3)
- Based on these findings, zovégalisib in combination with fulvestrant is being studied in patients with *PIK3CA*-mutated HR+/HER2- ABC following recurrence or progression on or after a CDK4/6 inhibitor in this Phase III ReDiscover-2 study (NCT06982521)

Figure 2: Radiographic Tumor Reduction and Response per RECIST v1.1 (N=31)

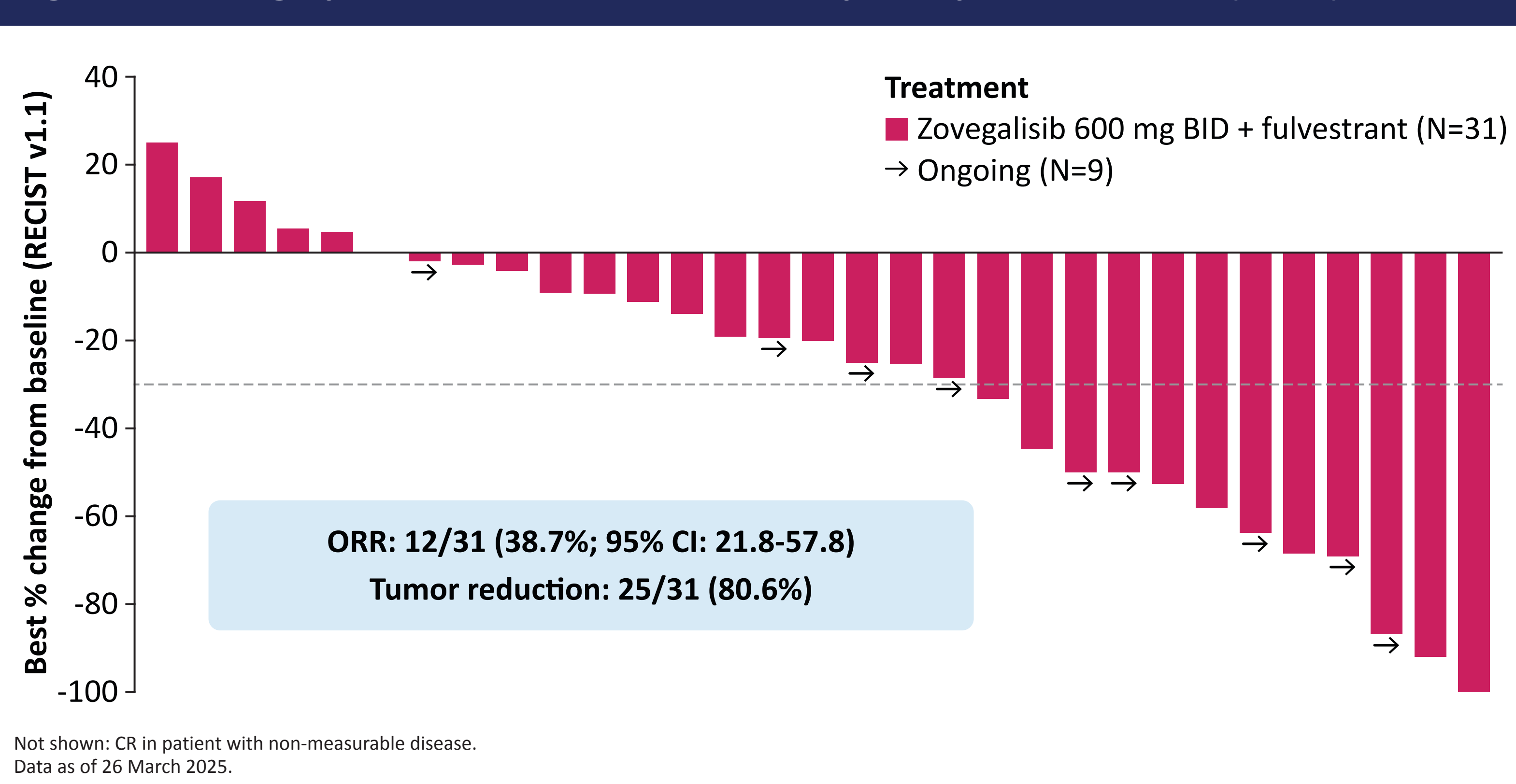
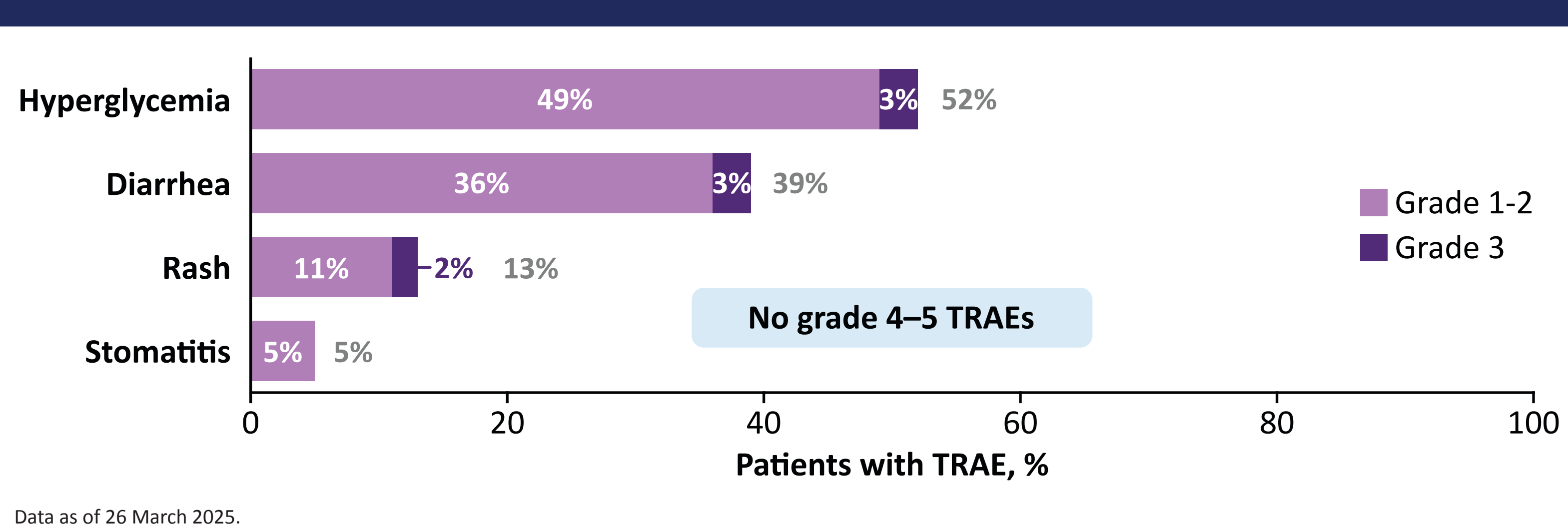
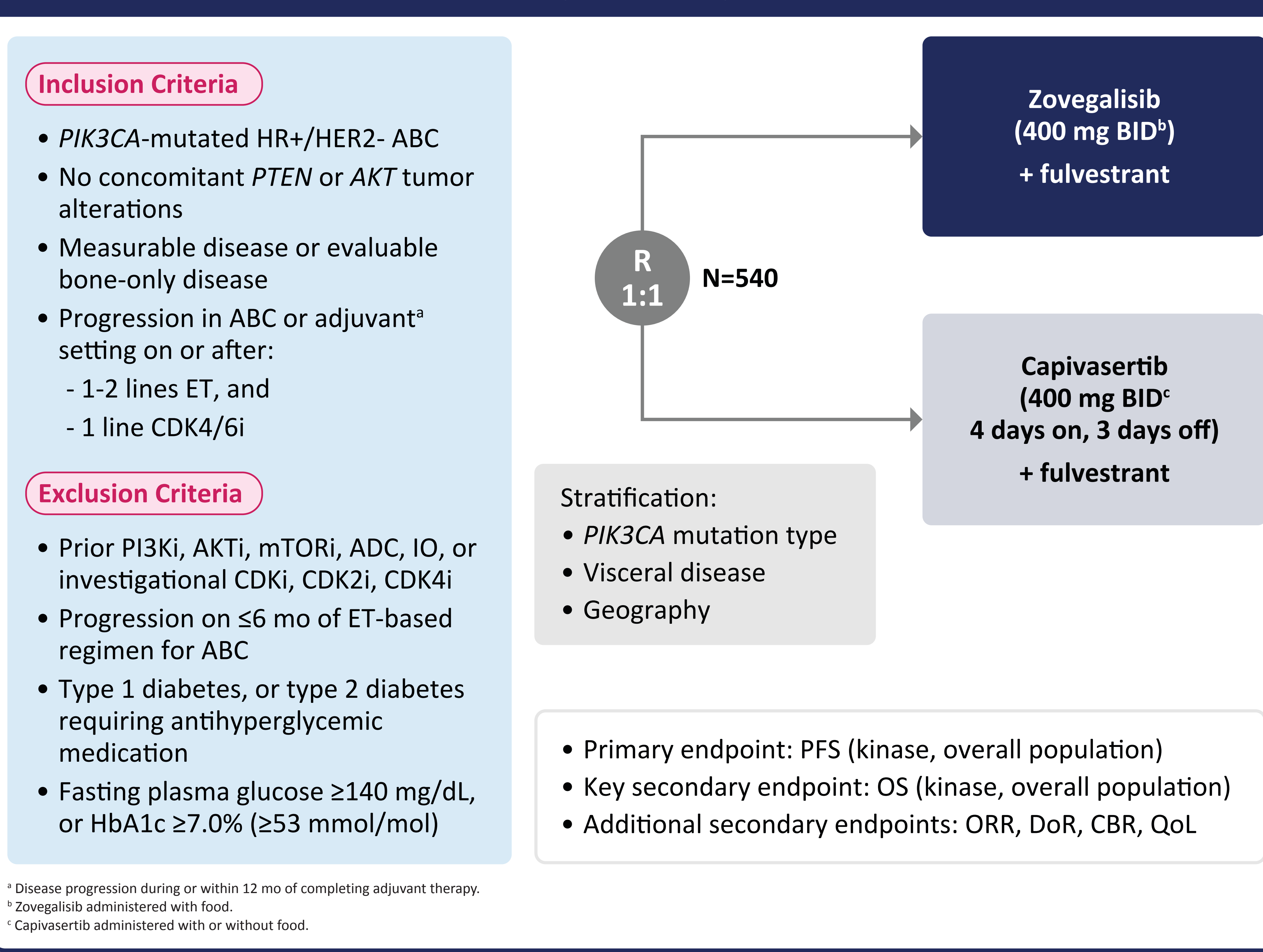


Figure 3: Zovégalisib Has a Favorable Safety Profile Consistent With Mutant-Selective PI3K α Inhibition (N=64)



STUDY DESIGN AND OBJECTIVES

Figure 4. ReDiscover-2 (RLY-2608-102): Phase III Registrational Trial for Post-CDK4/6 Inhibitor HR+/HER2- Advanced Breast Cancer With a *PIK3CA* Mutation (NCT06982521)¹³



ReDiscover-2 is a global, multicenter, open-label, randomized Phase III study comparing the efficacy and safety of zovégalisib + fulvestrant to capivasertib + fulvestrant in adult patients with HR+/HER2- locally advanced or metastatic BC with *PIK3CA* mutation (Figure 4)

- Primary objective is to compare the efficacy of zovégalisib + fulvestrant relative to capivasertib + fulvestrant by assessment of PFS within the kinase domain mutation and overall populations by BICR
- Key secondary objective is to compare the efficacy of zovégalisib + fulvestrant relative to capivasertib + fulvestrant by assessment of OS within the kinase domain mutation and overall population
- Additional secondary endpoints include safety and tolerability, ORR, DoR, CBR, and QoL

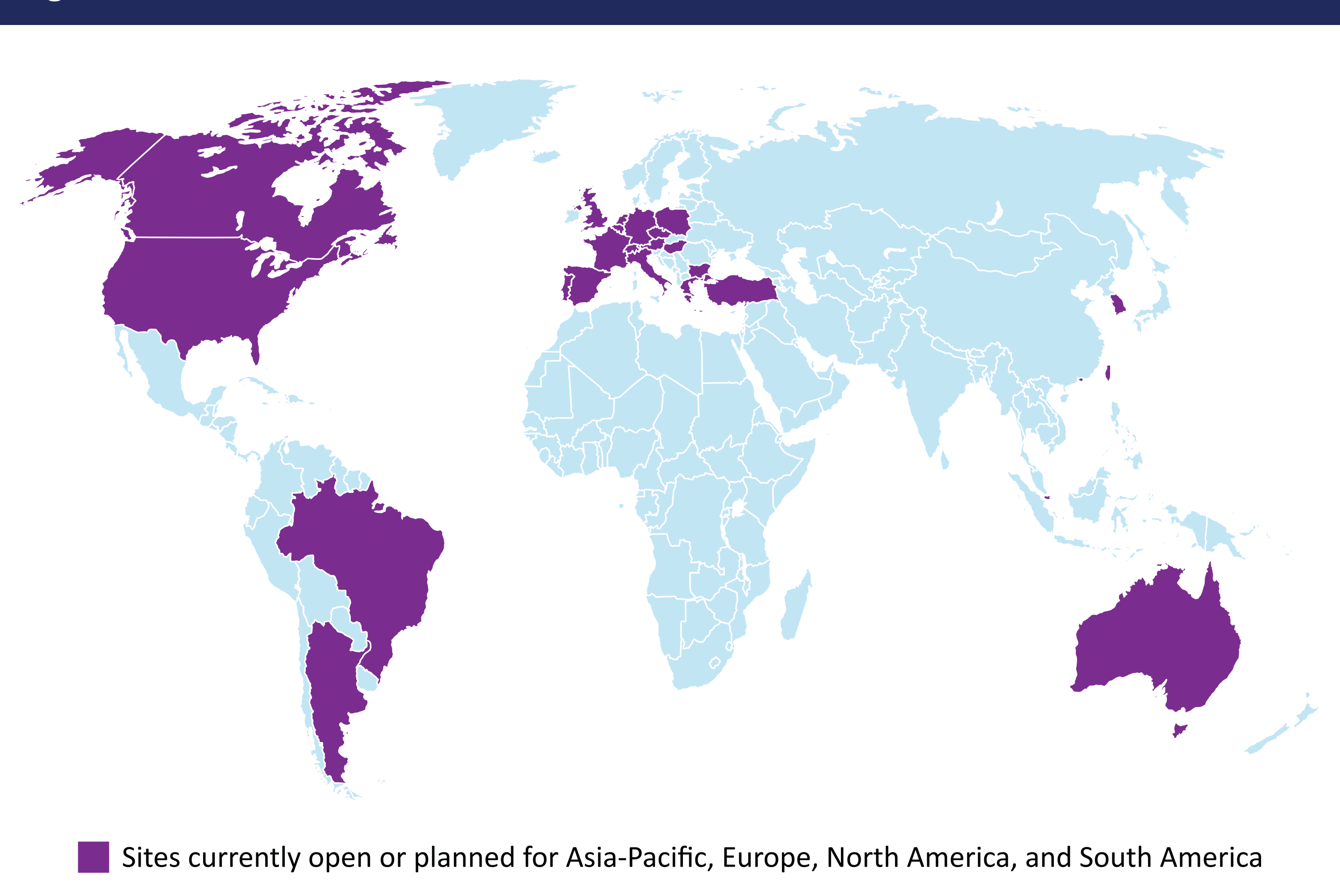
ASSESSMENTS

- Tumor response is assessed in accordance with RECIST v1.1
- The primary endpoint of PFS is assessed by BICR
- Study visits for assessments of safety (including adverse events, vital signs, laboratory tests, and electrocardiograms), pharmacokinetics, and circulating tumor DNA are conducted periodically throughout study treatment

REDISCOVER-2 (RLY-2608-102) STATUS

- This pivotal, registrational Phase III clinical trial plans to open in >250 study centers globally
- Study enrollment began in July 2025 and recruitment is currently ongoing (Figure 5)

Figure 5. ReDiscover-2 Sites



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Abbreviations

2L, second-line; ABC, advanced breast cancer; ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; AE, adverse event; AKT, protein kinase B; BC, breast cancer; BICR, blinded independent central review; BID, twice daily; CBR, clinical benefit rate; CDK, cyclin-dependent kinase; DoR, duration of response; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; ET, endocrine therapy; HbA1c, glycosylated hemoglobin; HER2-, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-negative; HR+, hormone receptor positive; I, inhibitor; IO, immuno-oncology therapy; mo, months; mTOR, mammalian target of rapamycin; NR, not reached; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; (m)PFS, (median) progression-free survival; PI3K α , phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase alpha; *PIK3CA*, phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate 3-kinase, catalytic subunit alpha; PTEN, phosphatase and tensin homolog; QoL, quality of life; R, randomization; RECIST v1.1, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors version 1.1; TRAE, treatment-related adverse event.

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